

Safety recommendation no. 453

27.08.2013 2148 On the basis of acute danger of explosion, the US Federal Aviation Administration suggests keeping a safe radius of 300 ft (approx. 100 m) around wreckage during recovery operations. Aircraft involved in accidents which catch fire must be cooled intensively from a safe distance. This could prevent BPS rockets exploding as rescue teams approach wreckage.
On the basis of acute danger of explosion, the US Federal Aviation Administration suggests keeping a safe radius of 300 ft (approx. 100 m) around wreckage during recovery operations. Aircraft involved in accidents which catch fire must be cooled intensively from a safe distance. This could prevent BPS rockets exploding as rescue teams approach wreckage.
Administration suggests keeping a safe radius of 300 ft (approx. 100 m) around wreckage during recovery operations. Aircraft involved in accidents which catch fire must be cooled intensively from a safe distance. This could prevent BPS rockets exploding as rescue teams approach wreckage.
intensively from a safe distance. This could prevent BPS rockets exploding as rescue teams approach wreckage.
BAZL Bundesamt für Zivilluftfahrt
Awaiting response. On the Civil Aviation Safety Officer (CASO) website, the FOCA takes the following position in relation to the present safety recommendation:
In order to mitigate the safety deficits, a working group was established in the FOCA, consisting of colleagues from various safety departments. This working group reformulated the detailed and comprehensive safety recommendations into practically orientated and usable working packages. These cover the following areas:
 Minimising risk to third parties, in particular for rescue forces by means of safety barriers
Exchange of information
Communication
Rapport final Schlussbericht Final report

Tel.: +41 58 466 33 00, Fax.: +41 58 463 33 01 info@sust.admin.ch

www.sust.admin.ch